

Making it easy to eat well

JUST

snapshot

Mission

Make it easy to eat well

HQ

San Francisco, California and office in Shanghai, China

Growth model

Find plants or cells, commercialize protein, develop product + plug into existing downstream partner infrastructure

Team

100+ team members, including biochemists, computational biologists, chefs, process engineers and 10 other disciplines

Products

Plant-based mayo and dressings, eat-it-raw cookie dough, plant-based egg, cultured meat - retail and foodservice channels

Distribution

Walmart, Kroger, Sysco, Aramark, Whole Foods, Grand Hyatt, and others in North America, China, Singapore, and Hong Kong

Investors

Temasek, Mitsui, Founders Fund, Li Ka-shing, Phillip Ng, Khosla Ventures, Heineken Family, Jerry Yang, Marc Benioff

Discovery process



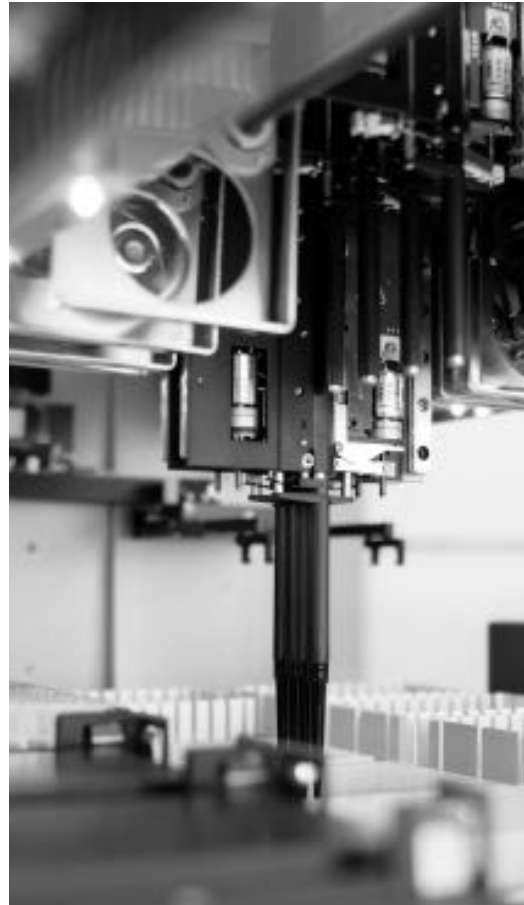
Source plants from 53 countries



Mill into powder



Extract protein



Look at molecular characteristics

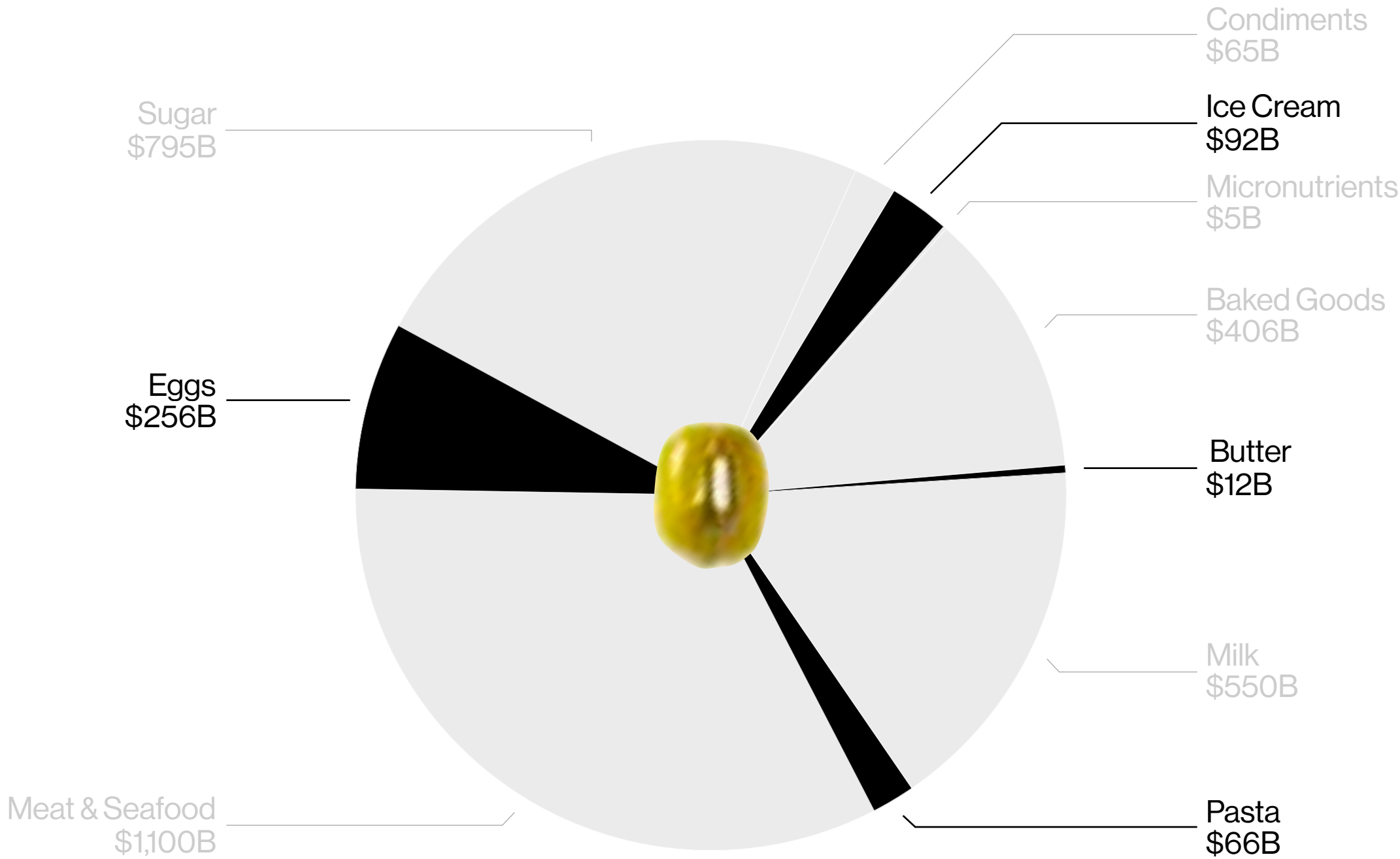


Look at functional characteristics



Test in performance in real world food applications

Collect data along the way to help us get better



| | |
|--------------|---|
| IP | Allowed in U.S. (App No. 15/436,711) and pending in foreign jurisdictions |
| Regulatory | Milestone: 7th plant protein isolate to receive “GRAS-No Questions” letter from FDA |
| Applications | Eggs Butter Ice cream Pasta |
| Market Size | \$425B |

Upstream

1: Finding



2: Farming



3: Cleaning + Dehulling



4: Milling



5: Protein Separation



Downstream

1: Add protein to mixer



2: Mixing



3: Heating + Cooling



4: Bottling



5: Distribution



100 Greatest Innovations of 2018

POPULAR
SCIENCE

Healthiest New Groceries of 2018

EAT THIS
NOT THAT!

10 Smartest Sustainable Products of 2018

TIME

2018 World Changing Idea

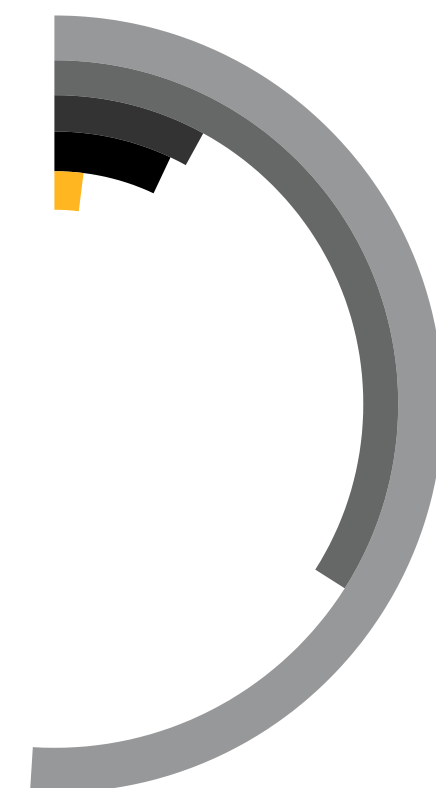
FAST
COMPANY



Water used (average kg of water/to produce 1 kg of crop)

The global average water footprint (surface and groundwater) of mung beans is 76% lower than corn, 72% lower than soy, 94% lower than wheat, and 96% lower than rice.

| | |
|------------------|-------------|
| Rice | 1.6 |
| Wheat | 0.75 |
| Corn | 0.48 |
| Soy | 0.45 |
| Mung bean | 0.31 |



Carbon emissions (kg of CO2e/kg product)

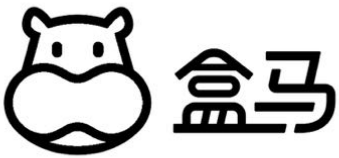
Globally, the production of mung beans produces 31% less CO2 emissions than soy, 35% less than corn, 59% less than wheat and 81% less than rice.

| | |
|------------------|-------------|
| Rice | 0.51 |
| Wheat | 0.34 |
| Corn | 0.08 |
| Soy | 0.07 |
| Mung bean | 0.02 |



Top 23 largest retailers in US (by sales and store count)

| Rank | Retailer name | Formally accepted? |
|------|--|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Walmart | Yes |
| 2 | Kroger | Yes |
| 3 | Albertsons | Yes |
| 4 | Ahold | Yes |
| 5 | Publix | Yes |
| 6 | H-E-B | Yes |
| 7 | Wakefern | Yes |
| 8 | Whole Foods Market (incl Amazon Fresh) | Yes |
| 9 | Aldi | JUST declined private label |
| 10 | Trader Joe's | JUST declined private label |
| 11 | Southeastern Grocers | Yes |
| 12 | Meijer | Yes |
| 13 | Target | Discussing |
| 14 | Wegmans | Yes |
| 15 | Hy-Vee | Yes |
| 16 | Giant Eagle | Yes |
| 17 | WinCo Foods | Discussing |
| 18 | SuperValu | Yes |
| 19 | Defense Commissary Agency | Discussing |
| 20 | Sprouts Farmers Market | Yes |
| 21 | Smart & Final | Yes |
| 22 | Stater Bros. | Yes |
| 23 | SaveMart | Yes |



JUST Egg is the #1 selling refrigerated liquid egg in the Natural Channel in both \$'s and units



| | Avg. monthly \$ per store selling | Units/store/month |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| JUST Egg 12oz | \$299.22 | 37 |
| Crystal Farms 32oz | \$153.35 | 26 |
| Eggology 16oz | \$130.69 | 30 |
| Organic Valley 16oz | \$128.88 | 20 |
| Chino Valley 16oz | \$96.99 | 22 |
| Abbotsford 16oz | \$51.48 | 12 |
| Crystal Farms 16oz | \$43.59 | 12 |
| Chino Valley 16oz | \$41.94 | 12 |

Source: SPINS Natural Channel, Refrigerated Liquid Egg category, Last 4 Weeks Ending 12/2/2018; Items with ACV >5

Significant demand for JUST Egg in China

China is the third largest consumer of eggs per capita (335 p/a); much higher than the USA (260 p/a). Its egg production is 5x that of the US

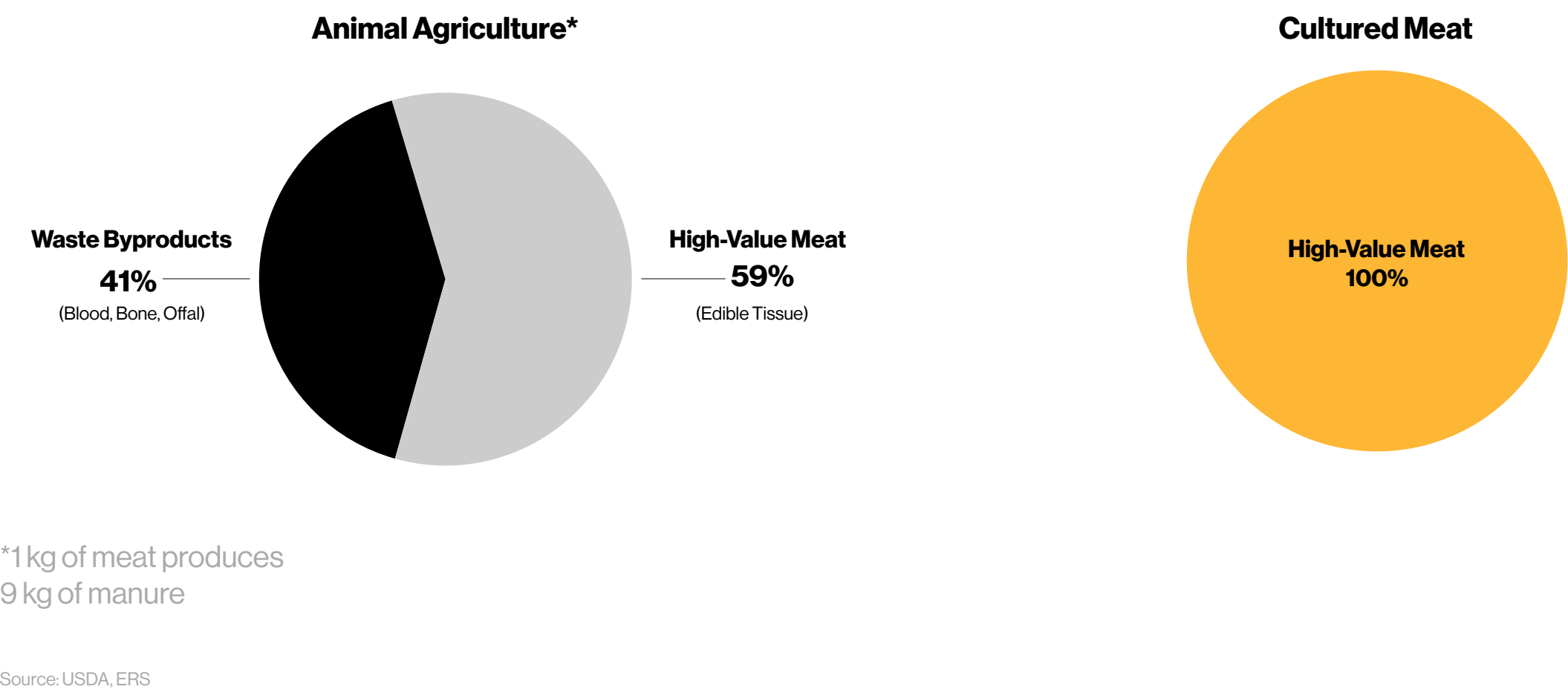
| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Purchase Intent | 93% of respondents said they would be likely to buy JUST Egg <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 41% Very Likely• 52% Somewhat Likely |
| Frequency | Nearly all said they would shop at their favorite grocer more often if they carried JUST Egg |
| Attributes | Most often marked as “very important” <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Protein (63%)• Heart Health (55%)• Life longevity (50%)• Environmentally Friendly (47%)• Lower calories (47%) |
| Consumption | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 90% eat eggs 2+ times per week for breakfast• Over 50% eat eggs 2+ times per week for both lunch and dinner |
| Demographic | Overindex on Females indicating highest purchase intent (+7% vs males on “very likely”) |

Source: 251 Chinese Panelists via Survey Monkey; Age 18-65; FAO UN Egg Consumption Data





Current meat production inefficiencies



Safety comparison

| Safety Issues | Animal Agriculture | Cultured Meat |
|--|--|---------------|
| Bacterial contamination | C. diff MRSA Salmonella Staph | — |
| Zoonotic Diseases | Swine Flu (H1N1) H5N2 Influenza Mad Cow Disease Avian Influenza (H7N9) Foot-and-mouth disease Avian chlamydiosis Histoplasmosis, Giardia Newcastle disease West Nile Virus Avian mycobacteria | — |
| Antibiotic Use | 30 million lbs/year | — |
| Presence of antibiotic-resistance bacteria in workers | 32x higher than other professions | — |
| Environmental residue presence (drugs, pesticides, toxins) | 100% (poultry) | — |
| Fecal contamination | 92% (poultry) | — |

Facility comparison

World's largest meat facility

JUST Farm

| | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Weekly production capacity | 160,000 hogs | 180,000 hogs or 36,000 bluefin tuna |
| Growing period | 120 days | 5 days |
| Feed required | 84,500,000 lbs | 400,000 lbs |
| Water required | 288,000,000 L | 11,500,000 L |
| Land use | 33,500 acres | 338 acres |
| Energy use | 700,000 GJ | 300,000 GJ |
| Antibiotic use | 7,000 lbs | 0 lbs |
| Greenhouse gas emissions | 500,000 CO2-eq tons | 20,000 CO2-eq tons |
| Weekly facility output | 19,000,000 lbs | 21,000,000 lbs |

JUST: Optimizing Tomorrow's Meat Production